WaterStrategyMan EVK1-CT-2001-00098

MANUAL OF THE INTEGRATED DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM

Chapter Six Water Allocation and Simulation Results



Chapter 6 - Water Allocation and Simulation Results

The *Simulation* menu in the tree view of water management schemes, in the Manager Panel, is made up of three sub-menus: Overview, Cost Analysis and Detailed Results. By clicking on one of them, without distinction, the simulation of the WSM DSS runs, thus allocating the available water from resources to connected demand nodes. Then, according to the selected menu, a different simulation window opens.

The *Detailed Results* menu opens a window showing the results of the allocation in terms of indicators, each type of node or link having its own, which are both plotted and presented in tabular form. The Detailed Results window comprises of four panels which allow the DSS user to navigate among the indicators and network elements: 1) the navigation panel, 2) the map of the region, 3) the list of indicators and 4) the graphical and tabular view where results are presented.

Since the simulation runs at a monthly time step, most indicators are computed on a monthly basis. However, for many network elements they can be displayed either as monthly time series or as yearly aggregated values.



Figure 1. Opening the Detailed Results View

The list of indicators that are associated to a specific node or link is shown once the element has been checked on the Object Manager panel. Each indicator in the list can be plotted just for one node at a time or for some or for all the nodes of the same type that exist in the case study region. This is useful for comparing the same simulation output for different demand nodes of same category; for instance the time series of unmet demands for all the irrigation sites, or the BOD concentrations in some subsequent river reaches.

A list of indicators aggregated yearly and at regional level is also available, by checking the name of the current water management scheme at the top of the Object Manager panel. These regional indicators are divided into three main groups. *Environment and Resources* includes indicators about water availability, exploitation, dependencies on imported water and water quality, *Social Indicators* refer to consumption indices or abstractions per capita (being the pressures over the system), and to deficits, and finally the *Cost-Revenues* section address the economic results, such as direct and environmental costs, benefits on water use and rate of cost recovery. As far as the node-specific indicators are concerned, they are usually divided into the three classes of Water Quantity, Quality and Cost.

The *Chart Panel* of the Result View has some useful functionalities that permit the customization of the plot of indicators: it is possible to change the graph type, from lines to bars, or to use a logarithmic scale, or a 3D view, and the legend and gridlines of the graph can be put to visible or not. The *Customize* button has an important role as it modifies the time steps plotted: the DSS user can decide to show the detailed simulation output, monthly time series, or show yearly aggregation only. In case he is making an analysis for a particular season or for one-two months only, he can select them in the customize dialog box and decide also to view this information for the entire duration of the scenario or for preferred years only.



Figure 2. The Chart View displaying indicators

At the right side of the graphical tools, three buttons allow to copy the graph to the Windows clipboard, to save it as a JPEG image or to print it. These copy, save and print options can be useful in the analysis of the case study, mostly when there is the need to investigate results in many network users, to find inter-relations and causal effects

between them, and it is important to look simultaneously at the behaviour of many indicators.

The *Table Panel* of the Result View displays in a table the data plotted in the Chart View. Time steps are the columns of the table and the selected nodes are the rows. The two Chart and Table views are loaded as tabs in the same interface block and the DSS user can pass from one to the other by selecting the *Chart* or *Table* tab. The Customise option operates on the tabular data as well.

Once the chart and table have been customized, either the graph types and the time steps to be visualized, the format remains the same while the Result View is open, whatever indicator is loaded, so an overall analysis of a targeted period can be performed just by selecting the different simulation outputs.



Figure 3. The Customize functionality: comparing results for January-April seasons of years 2001 and 2005

The *Simulation-Overview* menu of WSM DSS interface displays in the same window the four graphs relating water demands, unmet demands, freshwater abstractions and cost/benefits data, aggregated yearly and over water uses or water resource types in the region. The yearly water demands and the unmet demands are both displayed aggregated on domestic use, summing over all the settlement nodes, on irrigation and animal breeding, and on industries and hydropower stations. The freshwater abstractions are aggregated over all surface or groundwater resources. Finally the Costs and Benefits graph shows aggregated direct costs, benefits from water use and environmental costs.

| Chart Table Demand (m ³) | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|---|
| | 2001 | | | 2005 | | | | | |
| | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | |
| Castelvetrano (7) | 207,956.74 | 207,956.74 | 968,693.14 | 1,678,423.0 | 207,956.74 | 0.000 | 760,736.40 | 709,729.92 | |
| Menfi (6) | 539,236.14 | 539,236.14 | 704,751.93 | 1,951,147.5 | 539,236.14 | 40,138.197 | 179,723.13 | 1,294,171.8 | |
| Sambuca di Sicilia (10) | 8,058.775 | 8,058.775 | 17,646.823 | 412,520.44 | 8,058.775 | 1,395.817 | 10,146.376 | 397,461.22 | |
| Sciacca (2) | 870,737.27 | 870,737.27 | 1,167,738.1 | 1,935,859.3 | 870,737.27 | 0.000 | 297,000.89 | 768,121.20 | ⊡ |
| 🌌 Customize 🗈 🕞 | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 4. The Table View shows the data that are plotted in the Chart View

| 🏀 Customize Result Display | | | | |
|---|----------|--|--|--|
| Years Months | | | | |
| ✓ 2001 □ 2015 □ 2002 □ 2003 □ 2004 ✓ 2005 □ 2006 | All None | | | |
| Ok | Cancel | | | |

Figure 5. The Customize Dialog Box



Figure 6. The Overview window of the WSM DSS

The economic analysis is performed by the DSS together with the water allocation and the calculation of the resulting indicators. However, the economic parameters involved in the estimation of the full water cost can be modified in the Cost Analysis Window, and the costs can be updated as freestanding, without the need of running again the water allocation. The Cost Analysis Window is reachable from the homonymous sub-menu of the generic water management scheme (Navigation Panel). The user is allowed to navigate the different costs in a dedicated panel and to change or enter the specific parameters for the selected cost in the top-right panel. He can for example change the Discount Rate of the direct cost, or choose the way the environmental cost is obtained, either relating aquifer abstractions or using the charge model, or set the water selling price for each water use in the region, namely domestic, agricultural and industrial, or finally decide to generate a rate of cost recovery by including or not the resource and the environmental costs.

By pressing the *Calculate* button, costs are updated and their annual time series can be investigated either in tabular form or plotted on a graph.



Figure 7. Setting the Benefits and Income data for irrigation in the Cost Analysis Window

As a sort of appendix to the simulation chapter, a table is presented, which lists all the indicators computed in the DSS, the category they belong to and the types of node or link they are computed for.

| Category | Indicator | Network Element | | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| | Total Water Production | Region | | |
| Exploitation | Groundwater exploitation index | Region | | |
| | Consumption index | Region | | |
| | Non-sustainable production index | Region | | |
| Dependencies | Dependence on imported water | Region | | |
| | Anthropogenic water produced | D == i = = | | |
| | over total water production | Region | | |
| | Percentage of Treated urban water | Region | | |
| | Share of Primary Treatment | Region | | |
| | Share of Secondary Treatment | Region | | |
| | Share of Tertiary Treatment | Region | | |
| | | Pipelines, River Links, | | |
| | | River Reach Nodes, Canal, | | |
| | | GW Recharge/Discharge | | |
| | Concentrations of quality variables | Link, Return Flow, | | |
| | | Importing, Lake, Small | | |
| | | Reservoir, Storage | | |
| Water Quality | | Reservoir, Fossil GW | | |
| | | Irrigation, Settlement, | | |
| | | Exporting (only inflow), | | |
| | | Waste Water Treatment | | |
| | | Plant, Industry, Tourist, | | |
| | Concentrations of quality variables | Environmental + | | |
| | in inflows and return flows | Navigation + | | |
| | | Recreational (only inflow), | | |
| | | Hydroelectricity Production | | |
| | | (Only inflow), Drinking | | |
| | Agricultural demand per hectare | Region | | |
| Pressures | Tourists per inhabitant | Region | | |
| Pressures | Water abstractions per capita | Region | | |
| | Specific Water use Deficit as a | | | |
| Deficits | percentage of the specific water use | Region | | |
| Denents | demand | | | |
| | | Region, Irrigation. | | |
| G (D | | Settlement, Industry, | | |
| Cost/Revenues | Total Direct Cost | Tourist, Hydroelectricity | | |
| | | Production | | |
| | | Region, Irrigation, | | |
| | | Settlement, Industry, | | |
| | 1 otal Benefit from water use | Tourist, Hydroelectricity | | |
| | | Production | | |
| | | Region, Irrigation, | | |
| | Total Income | Settlement, Industry, | | |
| | 1 otal Income | Tourist, Hydroelectricity | | |
| | | Production | | |
| | Environmental Centa for | Design Invigation | | |
| | Environmental Costs for | Region imgation, | | |

Table 1. Indicators Implemented in the WSM DSS

| Category | Indicator | Network Element | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| | abstractions and pollution | Settlement, Industry, | | |
| | | Tourist | | |
| | Revenues | Region | | |
| | Overall Rate of Cost Recovery | Region | | |
| | Rate of cost recovery without | Irrigation, Settlement, | | |
| | Environmental costs | Industry, Tourist | | |
| | Rate of cost recovery with | Irrigation, Settlement, | | |
| | Environmental costs | Industry, Tourist | | |
| | | Pipelines, River Reach, | | |
| | | Waste Water Treatment | | |
| | | Plant, Network Reservoir, | | |
| | | Canal, Importing, Lake, | | |
| | Annualized Capital Costs | Small Reservoir, Storage | | |
| | | Reservoir, Fossil GW, | | |
| | | Renewable GW, | | |
| | | Desalination, Drinking | | |
| | | Plant | | |
| | Total Water Transfer Costs | Pipelines, Canal | | |
| | | Pipelines, River Reach, | | |
| | | Waste Water Treatment | | |
| | | Plant, Network Reservoir, | | |
| | | Canal, Importing, Lake, | | |
| | Running Cost | Small Reservoir, Storage | | |
| | | Reservoir, Fossil GW, | | |
| | | Renewable GW, | | |
| | | Desalination, Drinking | | |
| | | Plant | | |
| | Total Supply cost | River Reach, Importing, | | |
| | | Lake, Small Reservoir, | | |
| | | Storage Reservoir, Fossil | | |
| | Total Treatment Costs | Weste Water Treatmont | | |
| | | Plant Desclination | | |
| | Total Treatment Costs | Drinking Plant | | |
| Irrigation | Cultivated Area | | | |
| Livestock | | IIIgauon | | |
| Number | Livestock Number | Animal Breeding | | |
| Industry | Industrial Production | Industry | | |
| | - | Pipelines, Network | | |
| Water Quantity | Inflow | Reservoir. Canal | | |
| | Outflow | Pipelines, Canal | | |
| | Losses | Pipelines. Canal | | |
| | | River Link, GW | | |
| | Flow | Recharge/Discharge Link. | | |
| | | Return Flow | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Demand | Irrigation, Settlement, | | |
| | | Exporting, Animal | | |
| | | Breeding, Industry, Tourist, | | |
| | | Environmental, Navigation. | | |

| Category | Indicator | Network Element | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Recreational, | | |
| | | Hydroelectricity Production | | |
| | | Irrigation, Settlement, | | |
| | | Exporting, Animal | | |
| | Supply Delivered | Breeding, Industry, Tourist, | | |
| | | Environmental, Navigation, | | |
| | | Recreational, | | |
| | | Hydroelectricity Production | | |
| | Lamet Demond | Irrigation, Settlement, | | |
| | | Exporting, Animal | | |
| | | Breeding, Industry, Tourist, | | |
| | Officer Demand | Environmental, Navigation, | | |
| | | Recreational, | | |
| | | Hydroelectricity Production | | |
| | | Irrigation, Settlement, | | |
| | Losses | Animal Breeding, Industry, | | |
| | | Tourist | | |
| | | Irrigation, Settlement, | | |
| | | Animal Breeding, Industry, | | |
| | Return Flow Volume | Tourist, Lake, Small | | |
| | | Reservoir, Storage | | |
| | | Reservoir, Renewable GW | | |
| | | River Reach, Importing, | | |
| | | Small Reservoir, Lake, | | |
| | Abstraction | Storage Reservoir, Fossil | | |
| | | GW, Renewable GW | | |
| | | River Reach, Lake, Storage | | |
| | Total Run-off | Reservoir | | |
| | Groundwater recharge | River Reach | | |
| | Groundwater discharge | River Reach | | |
| | Return flows | River Reach | | |
| | | Waste Water Treatment | | |
| | Volume of Water Treated | Plant, Drinking Plant | | |
| | Available supply | Importing | | |
| | | Lake, Small Reservoir, | | |
| | Storage | Storage Reservoir, Fossil | | |
| | 0 | GW, Renewable GW | | |
| | | Lake, Small Reservoir, | | |
| | Evaporation Losses | Storage Reservoir | | |
| | | Lake, Small Reservoir. | | |
| | Seepage Losses | Storage Reservoir | | |
| | Natural Recharge | Renewable GW | | |
| | Discharge | Renewable GW | | |
| | Drinking Water Production | Desalination | | |
| Hydroelectricity | Electricity Production | Hydroelectricity Production | | |
| | Permanent Population | Settlement | | |
| Population | Seasonal Population | Settlement. Tourist | | |
| | Total Dopulation | Sottlomont | | |
| | Total Population | Settlement | | |